



Cambodia Literacy Integrative Project (CLIP3) The 7th Quarter (July - September 2025)

1. The 7th Workshop Implementation

The final workshop of the project featured a special program with a Japanese expert who is active throughout Japan and has recently collaborated with the Cambodian Ministry of Education to promote early childhood education in Cambodia.

She gave a lecture on the development of the brain, mind, and body in children aged 0–5, helping teachers understand how to choose appropriate teaching materials based on developmental stages—an area that had not been fully covered in our previous training. Her clear explanations helped many teachers who had not yet reviewed this part of the supplementary book, and several participants commented that they learned practical insights they could immediately apply in their classrooms.







Building on her session, the following program shared activity ideas for stimulating the brainstem, which plays an important role in physical development. Teachers participated in music-based activities that involved full-body movement—such as mimicking animals or performing dynamic dances—and discovered how these exercises effectively support children's motor skills.







The workshop also introduced the 12th original picture book, "I'm Not Just Rubbish," which focuses on recycling. Its content is closely linked to classroom activities using everyday materials for games and crafts. Some teachers even took extra time to try out and recreate ideas from other groups, producing more crafts than usual.

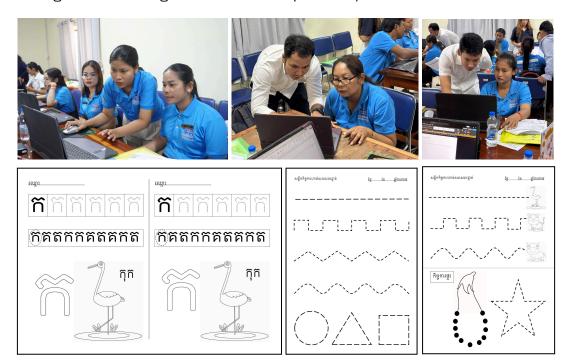








Finally, the computer-based worksheet-making session concluded with a lesson on creating tracing worksheets that help children practice holding pencils. Through this fourth and final session, teachers reviewed and combined the skills learned in previous workshops, enabling them to design their own original materials independently in the future.



2. Follow-up Visit Findings

This visit marked the final round of school visits under the project. In every classroom we observed, teachers had increased their teaching materials since the previous visit, and many had already created and displayed crafts introduced in the 7th workshop. Their motivation and continued effort for improvement were clearly visible. During our visits, teachers often conducted activities such as picture book storytelling, worksheets, and educational games. We also saw hand-play songs introduced in earlier workshops being used to capture children's attention. Some teachers had begun creating their own worksheets or creatively adapting R4C materials to fit their own teaching styles, rather than simply following our examples. (See the pre-survey results)







Over the past two years, we have observed teachers' lessons and witnessed their steady progress and enthusiasm. The changes have been remarkable—classroom environments have become more engaging, and individual teachers have grown into skilled educators who now serve as role models for others.

One teacher, for example, was invited by a nearby primary school's preschool teacher to demonstrate her class. After watching her Kamishibai storytelling, the visiting teacher was inspired to try it herself and began using picture books printed from the R4C website. She also photographs classroom decorations and regularly consults with the project teacher for ideas.



These examples show that our participating teachers are not only applying what they have learned but are also sharing it beyond the project, taking leadership roles in improving early childhood education within their communities.

3. The Final Survey

At the start and after the first year of the project, teachers were surveyed about how they used R4C materials, their impressions, and observed changes after participating. This final survey focused on the second year and compared results to previous data, allowing us to assess the overall impact of the project over two years.

Below is a summary of key findings for each area of the <u>survey</u>.

Storytelling Materials (Picture Books & Kamishibai)

Both the frequency of storytelling sessions and the number of times children could freely look at books increased compared to previous surveys. As teachers interacted with books more often, many reported that their storytelling skills had improved.

While some teachers had felt shy about reading aloud a year ago, several now said they had gained confidence and could perform expressively without embarrassment.



Teachers also observed changes in children, such as better concentration, remembering and retelling stories at home, and handling books more carefully. Many also noted that children became more interested in reading and listening to stories.

Songs

The use of songs increased, with many teachers using them 4–6 times per week. The educational value of the lyrics and the catchy melodies continued to be well-received. Teachers said that learning new songs and actions at each workshop expanded their ideas and teaching variety.

As with storytelling, several teachers mentioned that they had become more confident singing in front of children.



Worksheets

Since the second-year workshops included computer training for making worksheets, some teachers reported that they had begun creating their own materials.

The QR codes attached to worksheets also helped teachers understand how to use them more effectively in class.

Teachers shared that children were more engaged because the worksheets were colorful, easy to understand, and fun to complete.



Activity and Board Games

Most teachers used R4C games, though some faced challenges such as managing large groups or lacking enough printed materials due to budget limits.

However, teachers and children had become more familiar with the rules, allowing smoother lessons. Many teachers also said the games helped expand lesson ideas and observed improvements in children's creativity and thinking skills.



Crafting

An interesting finding was that several teachers now collect recyclable or unused materials for crafts—something not seen in earlier surveys. This shift shows how teachers embraced the message that "materials don't have to cost money."

Exposure to new craft ideas through workshops and the website helped teachers enhance their craft-making skills and broaden their teaching methods.



Classroom Decorative Teaching Materials

There was little change in responses from the previous survey, but observation <u>results</u> show steady improvement. After receiving decoration sets and guidance early in the project, teachers continued improving their classrooms on their own.

By the second year, all participating teachers were creating their own decorations and teaching aids, resulting in much more engaging classroom environments than before the project began.



Computer Use

While the overall frequency of computer use did not change greatly, its quality did. After learning basic operations in the first year, teachers applied these skills in the second year's worksheet-making training. Several now design their own worksheets for class and are expected to use computers more frequently for lesson preparation and school documentation, further developing their skills.



Rermork Digital Library

Most teachers accessed the website one to three times per week, but the number of frequent users (seven times or more) increased.

The most downloaded and viewed materials were *songs*, and the site was most used in the subject area of "Social Relationships & Expression." However, *worksheets* became the most used material in actual classes, while the use of *activity games* decreased and the use of *illustrations* increased.



Lesson Plan

After two years of workshops, teachers became more comfortable designing lessons using R4C materials.

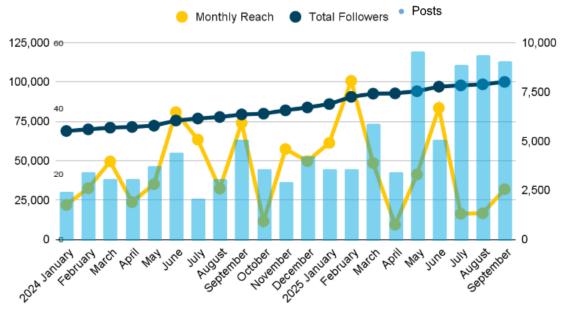
Rather than focusing on technical aspects of writing plans, many teachers highlighted that their range of lesson ideas expanded, and they could adapt ideas from other teachers. This suggests growing creativity and independence in lesson planning.



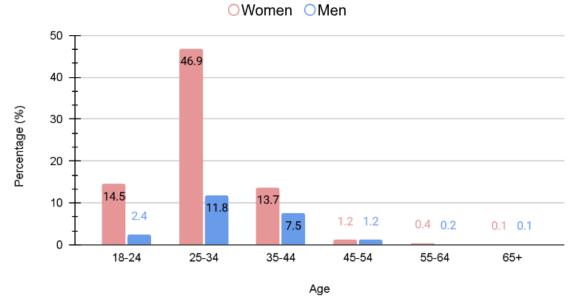
4. Achievement in Social Media Service and 'Rermork Digital Library' R4C Facebook

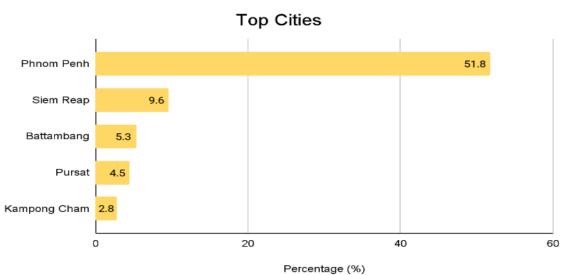
Duration	Posts	Reach*	New Followers	Total Followers
Q1	55	104,139	257	5,678
Q2	69	106,719	364	6,042
Q3	63	131,369	310	6,352
Q4	66	95,236	353	6,705
Q5	80	182,649	700	7,405
Q6	110	110,653	356	7,761
Q7	166	64,948	240	8,001

R4C Facebook Page



Age & Gender

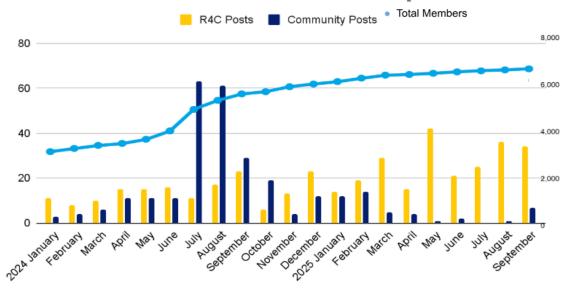




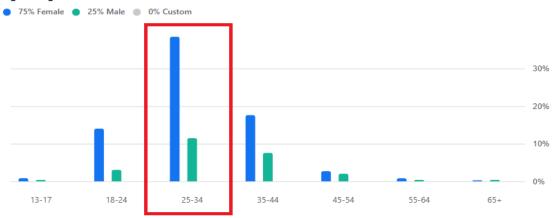
Public Facebook Group for Preschool Teachers

Duration	Posts by R4C	Teacher Posts	New Followers	Total Followers
Q1	29	13	447	3,899
Q2	46	33	475	4,374
Q3	51	153	1,211	5,585
Q4	42	35	321	5,906
Q5	62	31	293	6,199
Q6	78	7	106	6,305
Q7	95	8	99	6,404

Teacher's Facebook Group



Age and gender 📵



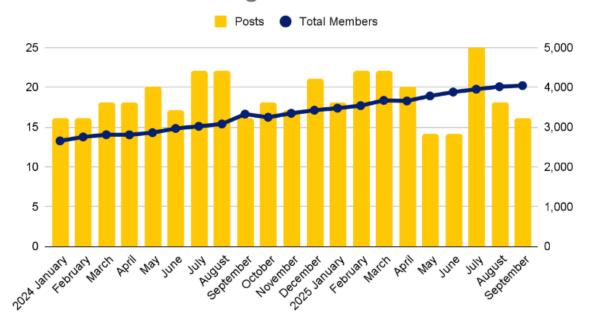
Top countries	
Cambodia	6,337
Nigeria	17
Thailand	15
United States	9
Vietnam	8

Top cities	
Phnom Penh, Cambodia	3,806
Siem Reap, Cambodia	498
Battambang, Cambodia	279
Kampong Cham, Cambodia	117
Pursat, Cambodia	115

Telegram Channel

Duration	Posts	New Followers	Total Followers
Q1	50	286	2,808
Q2	55	157	2,965
Q3	60	270	3,235
Q4	56	188	3,423
Q5	62	247	3,670
Ó6	48	209	3,879
Q7	59	163	4,042

Telegram Channel



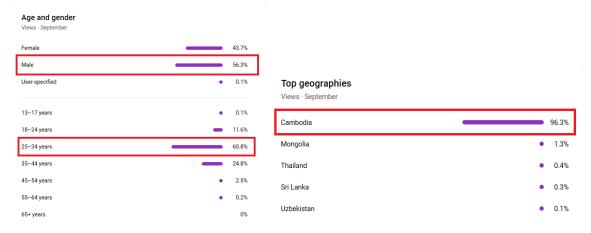
YouTube

Duration	Published videos	Views	New Followers	Total Followers
Q1	11	497,829	1,172	6,751
Q2	26	395,580	851	7,602
Q3	70	464,142	873	8,475
Q4	87	249,542	461	8,936
Q5	98	243,842	519	9,455
Ó6	65	172,978	410	9,865
Q7	63	197,317	334	10,199

YouTube Channel



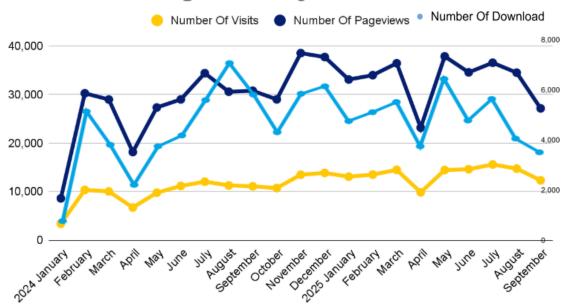
The breakdown of subscribers;



Rermork Digital Library

Duration	Unique visitors	Page Views	Download
Q1	23,801	67,800	10,940
Q2	27,692	74,428	11,360
Q3	34,421	95,664	19,514
Q4	38,077	105,158	17,385
Q5	41,056	103,416	16,485
Q6	38,917	95,515	16,080
Q7	42,643	98,110	14,356

Digital Library Website

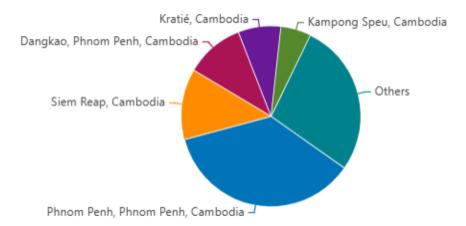


Country

COUNTRY	▼ VISITS
Cambodia	40,047
United States	701
India	406
Ireland	337
Thailand	259

City





5. Next Schedule (October - December 2025)

- Complete the 13th storybook and the resource package
- The project closing meeting (October)
- Conclude the project (December 31)